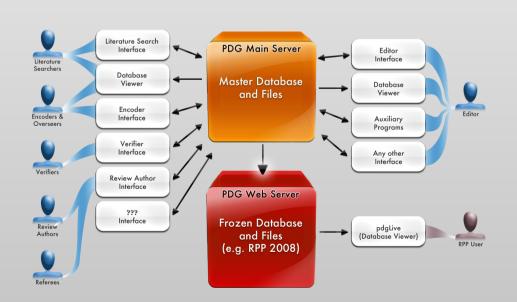




Status of the New PDG Computing System

Juerg Beringer

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Outline:

- Project status
- Major success: V0 Release
- Roadmap towards completion
- Innovative new features
- User testing you!



Two Years Ago



- Had submitted plan for completing computing upgrade to DOE
- **Comprehensive and very** successful DOE review of PDG in September 2008
 - Vital role of PDG reaffirmed
 - - "The PDG publications are crucial to the field ..." (DOE reviewer)
 - DOE agreed to plan and asked us to increase request for resources for computing upgrade to ensure we will succeed
 - Now 2 FTE for 3 years (until end of FY11)
 - 0.5 FTE for ongoing support after initial development
- NSF agreed to contribute to computing upgrade according to its overall share of PDG funding

Development work funded and in full swing by end of 2008

Written in 2006

High-Level Requirements and Roadmap for PDG Computing

Juerg Beringer Particle Data Group Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

This document summarizes the high-level requirements for the upgraded PDG computing system and proposes a roadmap for completing the upgrade. It is intended to serve as a starting point for a cost estimate for the completion of the upgrade project.



Today



- About two-thirds of the project completed
- Successfully deployed initial version (V0 Release) of new system on August 11, 2010
 - Now our production system for ongoing PDG work
- Full-day DOE review of Computing Upgrade on September 17
 - http://pdg.lbl.gov/computingreview2010/index.html

Quotes from the review report (October 20, 2010):

- Computer system upgrade is proceeding on schedule and within cost
- Satisfying all the requirements laid out for it in the 2008 review
- Upgraded system will clearly make a dramatic improvement in the PDG production workflow



Goals and Scope

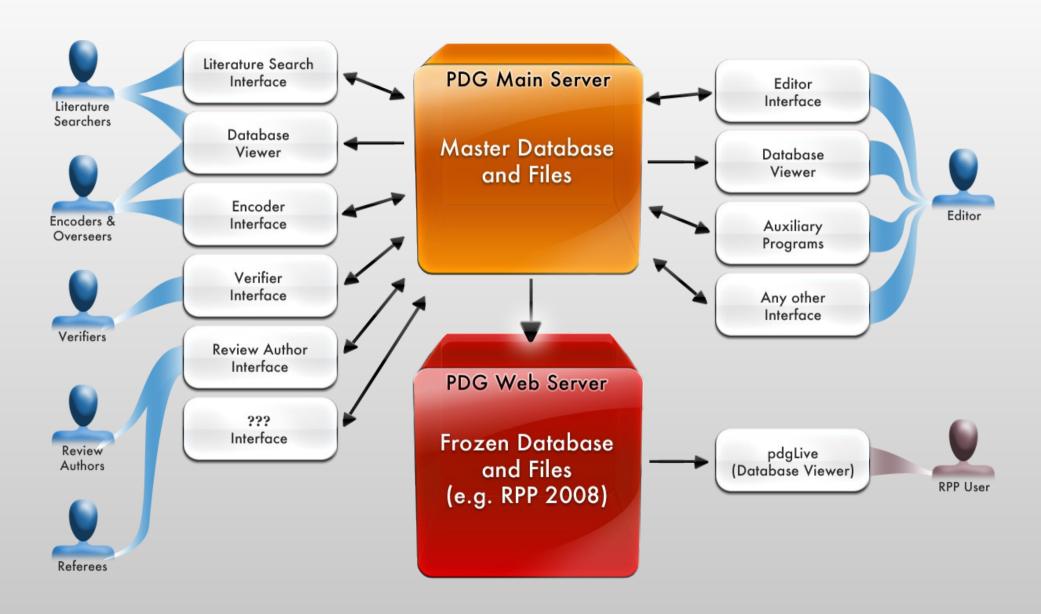


- Primary goal: ensure that PDG can continue to function well
 - System must be modern, modular, extendable, easy-to-use, maintainable and well-documented
- Computing system must support all areas of our work
 - Decentralized, web-based data entry and verification for Listings
 - Tools for authoring and refereeing reviews
 - Monitoring of progress in RPP production
 - Programs for evaluation of data (fits, averages, plots, ...)
 - Expert tools for editor, including creation of book manuscript and static web pages (PDF files)
 - Interactive browsing of PDG database similar to pdgLive
- Suitable platform for future extensions



New System

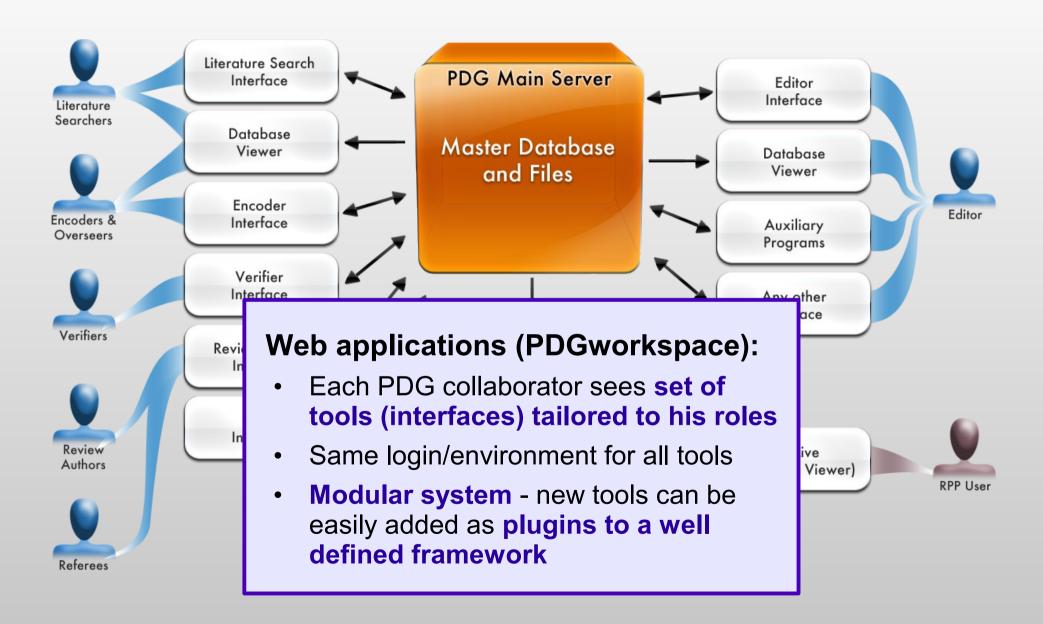






New System

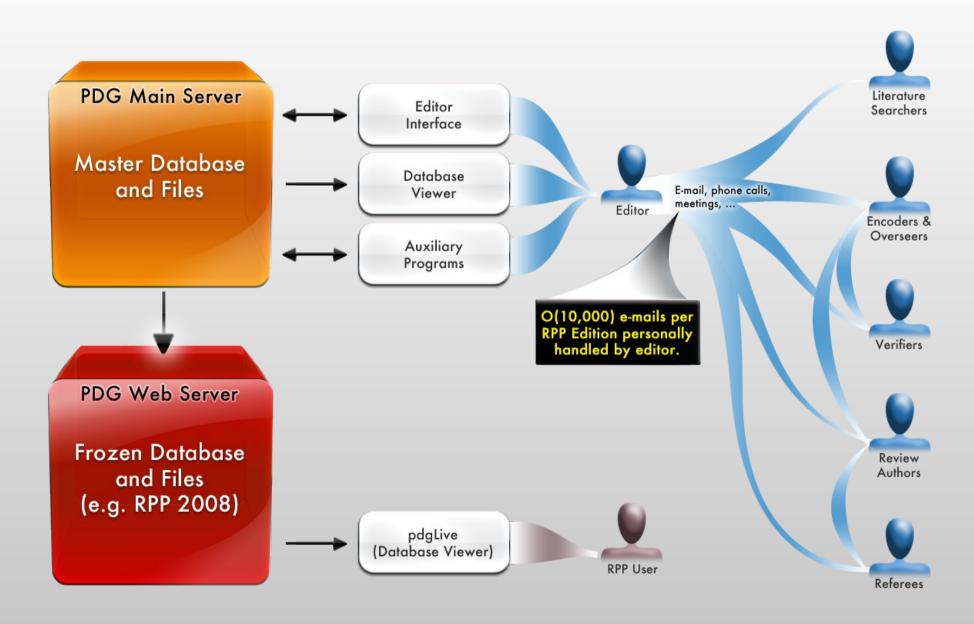






In Contrast: Old System







Architecture



- = Web applications for collaborators (PDGworkspace) and the public (pdgLive)
- = Data analysis applications
- = Legacy applications (to be phased out eventually)
- = Infrastructure (APIs, database)

Encoder interface / Literature search Database viewer (pdgLive)

Review interface

Verfier interface

PDG Java API

(database access, macro processing, ...)

Editor interface

Monitoring Admin tools Ordering system

Institution data entry

PDG Python API

Data analysis

applications

Legacy editor interface

Legacy viewer (pdgLive)

Legacy Fortran programs

Modernized PDG database



Initial Release (V0 Release)



- Represents backbone of new system, including
 - Modernized PDG database
 - Java and Python APIs
 - All technologies included and working together
- All (updated) legacy applications run in V0 Release system
 - Full production system now used for ongoing PDG work
- Provides modular framework into which applications can be easily and incrementally included (during ongoing PDG work)
- Includes alpha release of encoding interface
 - By far most difficult and complex application
 - Includes main building blocks required by other applications
 - Supports complete standard encoding cycle plus advanced tools

Successfully deployed August 11, 2010



Sneak Preview I



Encoding interface

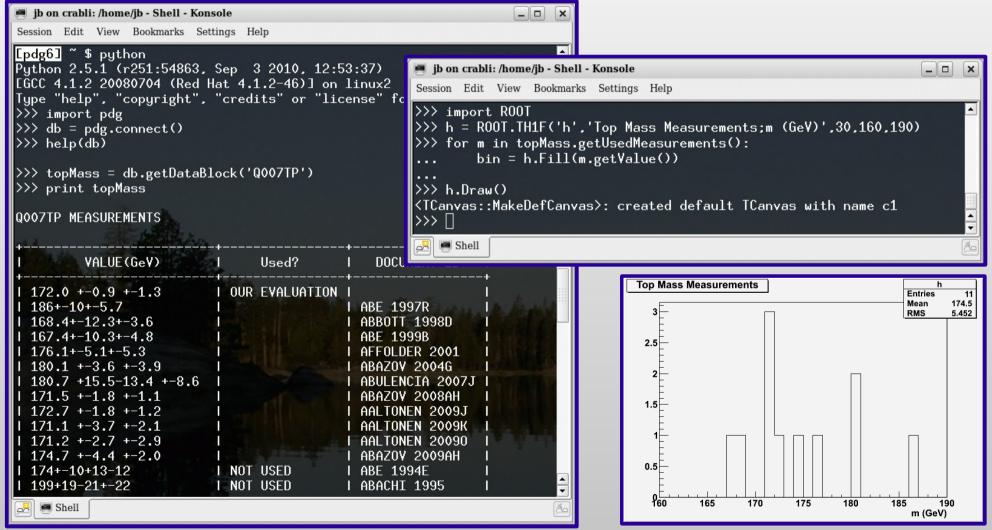
You'll be able to try this out yourself in a few minutes



Sneak Preview II



- Interactive access to PDG database in Python
 - For now primarily aimed at PDG-internal use, but programmatic user access to PDG database will open whole new world of possibilities





Future Plan (Summary)



ID	0	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	010 Aug Sep	Qtr 1,	Dec	Qtr 2, 2 Jan	011 Feb Ma	Qtr 3, 2 r Apr	011 May Jun	Qtr 4, 2	011 Aug Sep
1		Consolidation	182 days?	Mon 9/20/10	Tue 5/31/11								-	
13						1 :								
14		Encoder interface	68 days?	Mon 10/18/10	Wed 1/19/11	1	—	<u></u>	_				-	
22						1							1	
23		API extensions	188 days?	Mon 10/25/10	Wed 7/13/11	1 :					-			
27						1 :								
28		Database viewer (pdgLive)	68 days?	Thu 1/20/11	Mon 4/25/11	1 :	i	į	—		-			
33] :					1			
34		Review interface	68 days?	Tue 4/26/11	Thu 7/28/11] :	-				- 			
40													-	
41		Verifier interface	55 days?	Mon 3/21/11	Fri 6/3/11			1		ţ	· :		!	
47							i						-	
48		Editor interface	54 days?	Mon 6/6/11	Thu 8/18/11			-						
53							i	i						
	Ш	Reporting / Monitoring	102 days?	Mon 10/25/10	Tue 3/15/11		-	-						
61							1	1					!	
62		Ordering system (including user prefere	61 days?	Tue 10/5/10	Tue 12/28/10		_	_						
71				_				- 1					!	
72		Data analysis environment	57 days?	Tue 12/28/10	Wed 3/16/11			—			ነ :			
77								-						
78				TI 0/4=:							<u> </u>		1	
79		Fortran program migration (partial)	84 days?	Thu 3/17/11	Tue 7/12/11					-	-		- -	
81	-	A Justin de alla	440 - 1 0	11	M = 105:11			1			1		1	
	##	Admin tools	146 days?	Mon 1/3/11	Mon 7/25/11			7			:		-	
88		Institution details on interfere	47 days 0	Man 7/05/44	T 0/4/0/44			-						
89		Institution database interface	17 days?	Mon 7/25/11	Tue 8/16/11	;	i	 			<u> </u>		: 🔻	

Project completion expected mid August 2011

• Leaves contingency of 3 months of funding (at present level of development effort)



Beyond the Core Project



- Immediate and primary goal is to ensure PDG can continue to function well
 - This has absolute priority over any fancy extensions
- New computing system also provides platform where innovative new features can be implemented
- Several activities already started in this context:
 - Collaboration with INSPIRE on cross-linking using PDG Identifiers
 - Participation in HEP Information Resource Summits
 - Presentation at CHEP'2010
 - Brain-storming about new features, e.g.
 - pdgLive on smart phones
 - Opening PDG platform to support averaging groups (e.g. HFAG)
 - User tagging of PDG content
 - Allowing programmatic user access to PDG database
 - Providing all PDG data in computer-readable form
 - ...



Cross-Linking

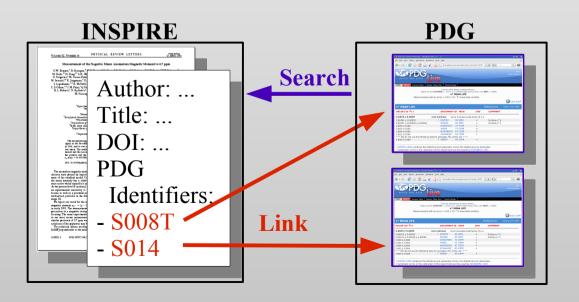


Wish list:

– From INSPIRE: "What data does PDG have about this?"

From PDG: "What are the latest papers on this topic?"

- Permanent reference to PDG data items: PDG Identifiers
 - Essentially PDG nodes (e.g. "Q007TP")
 - PDG will publish authoritative list
- Map to other classification schemes or use as "pointers"



- Generate initial set of tags from PDG database
- Could allow authors to tag their articles



Conclusions



- Thanks to funding received after very successful 2008 DOE Review of PDG, the planned computing upgrade is under way and expected to be completed around mid-August 2011
 - "... is proceeding on schedule and within cost" (DOE review 2010)
- An initial version of the new system has been successfully deployed and is now the PDG production system
 - First release of modern, extendable and maintainable PDG system
 - Represents complete backbone of new system
 - Provides modular framework into which applications can be easily and incrementally included (during ongoing PDG work)
- Remainder of project devoted to building other user interfaces
 - Main building blocks needed already available and working in encoding interface
- Now have platform for implementing innovative new features
 - First example will be greatly improved cross-linking with INSPIRE





Testing the Alpha Release of the New Encoding System



Encoding Interface Testing



This is still an alpha release

- Some things don't display correctly
- Some things don't work or are not yet implemented
- Some things are too slow
- Paper assignments as done by meson team are not yet supported
- But you can do most encoding tasks
- You can even define new decay modes and branching ratios

Please try it and give us feedback

- Do you like it?
- Is it sufficiently intuitive to be usable without training?
- What can we improve?
- Please fill out the feedback sheet

Sarah, Chuck, David, Orin, Piotr and myself are here to help (if necessary) and to listen to your feedback



A Few Hints



- The system manages the encoding work flow by assigning each paper to the person who is responsible for doing the next step in the encoding process
 - When you sign off your part, the paper is assigned to the next person
 - Side remark: If several persons are eligible to e.g. encode a paper, any one of them will be able to assign it to themselves (not yet implemented)
- When you log in as an encoder or overseer (for the Listings) you'll see a list of tasks (=papers) that you need to work on
 - You can select to see past or future tasks
- Try adding a measurement to an existing datablock
- Try adding a new datablock for a new branching ratio using the toolbox (first define a new decay mode)
- Any changes you make go directly into the PDG database
- Today we are using a demo database, so please try out freely!



Practical Details



To log into PdgWorkspace go to

http://pdgprod.lbl.gov:8080/PdgWorkspace

- Use your login name if listed in the table below
 - You should see some of your papers to encode for the 2011 update
 - If you're an overseer, select "Future Tasks" instead of "Pending Tasks"

cjslin	groom	masoni	rmbarnett
dambrosio	gurtu	navas	terning
eidelman	hikasa	olive	venanzoni
goodman	jelys	patrignani	wmyao
grab	jfarguin	raffelt	wohl

- Or log in as "hagiwara" to try working on top quark papers
- The password for all accounts will be announced in the session





Backup Slides



Support for Reviews



- Not yet implemented
- Will also be part of PdgWorkspace
- Planned features include:
 - Workflow management (authoring, refereeing; notifications)
 - Two working models supported:
 - Edit review in web-based editor (no need for local TeX/TeXsis)
 - Check out review sources, work locally, check in modified versions
 - Convenient access to different versions (including differences)
 - Consistency checking of related reviews and Listings
 - Status reporting
 - Mailing lists for each review with automatic subscription of review authors and/or referees



Project Team



- Juerg Beringer (PDG physicist)
 - Project leader, requirements, system architecture
- Chuck McParland (computer scientist)
 - Java API
- Sarah Poon (computer systems engineer)
 - Web design, user interfaces, JavaScript

Each member of the team has many years of software development experience

- David Robertson (computer systems engineer)
 - Database, Python API, scripts
- Orin Dahl (PDG physicist, retired)
 - Legacy Fortran programs
- Piotr Zyla (PDG editor)
- Contributions from Jacob Andreas, Cecilia Aragon, Keith Beattie,
 Igor Gaponenko, Keith Jackson, Kirill Lugovsky, Slava Lugovsky



Technologies



J2EE-based web application framework

Commonly used industry standard for scalable, distributed web apps

Ajax-enabled web pages

User-friendly and highly interactive GUI behavior

Relational database (PostgreSQL)

- Currently 130 database tables
- ORM tools (Object-Relational Mapping): Hibernate, JPA; SqlAlchemy

Programming languages

- Java and JSP for web application framework backend
- JavaScript and CSS for client-side HTML (Ajax)
- Python API for programmatic access to database and to interface to numerical libraries and tools
- Legacy Fortran applications restructured as libraries
- TeX (print, PDF) and MathML (web)





 PDG has special requirements that cannot be addressed by "commodity software"

Solution:



- Identified challenging areas posing potential risk to project
- Carefully addressed these areas first (through design, technology choices, and project planning)
- Computing upgrade must proceed in parallel to PDG work
 - Legacy system must continue to run during development
 - Severely limits opportunities for system deployment (once per year)
 - Workload on PDG experts from having to work with two systems

Solution:



- Must carefully plan new system deployment
- •Release as early as possible with legacy applications running within new system ("V0 Release", see later)
- Allows incremental deployment of new components





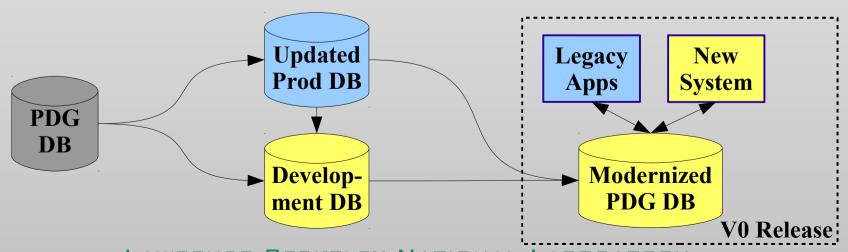
- Existing scientific data must be migrated to new system
 - Complete redesign of PDG database from scratch impractical from many points of view
 - Changes to PDG database must be made incrementally
 - Small database changes mandated by ongoing PDG work
 - Conventions on how data is stored in the database (macros, flags, etc)
 - Occasionally need new columns in tables

Solution:

PDG Collaboration Meeting, November 19, 2010



• Modernized PDG database used by both (updated) legacy applications and the new system







- Scientific output from old and new system must be identical;
 PDG data must be correct
 - Inherently difficult to validate tens of thousands of numbers

Solution:



- Nightly builds with unit tests
- Careful and detailed validation before use for PDG production
- Detailed logging of changes at database level
- Version control of database contents by dumping to CVS
- System validation by producing TeX manuscript of full Review in old and new system, then making sure all changes ("diff") are expected and desired





Distributed data entry

- System must take care of complicated distributed work flow
- Detailed logging of changes ("Why did this number change?")

Solution:



- Careful design
- Suitable industry-standard technology choices (J2EE)
- Innovative logging scheme using database triggers that keeps track of logical operations and enforces logging at database level for any application (doesn't need any application specific logging support)





Use of TeX and display of math on the web

Solution:



- Evaluate existing solutions (MathML, jsMath, mimeTex, TeX-to-MathML translators, ...)
- Found solution that addresses our needs (see Sarah's talk)
- Browser and platform diversity among large user base

Solution:



• Use existing extensive JavaScript library where this problem is already solved (see Sarah's talk)



Development Process



Follows widely-adopted practices, including

- Iterative design process with close interaction with users
- Ongoing documentation (Wiki, within code, formal manuals)
- Nightly builds and nightly unit tests
- Using existing tools, components and libraries to maximize efficiency

Frequent communication

- Weekly general meetings
- Weekly individual meetings of developers with project leader
- Additional meetings as needed
- Mailing list

Close involvement of PDG members

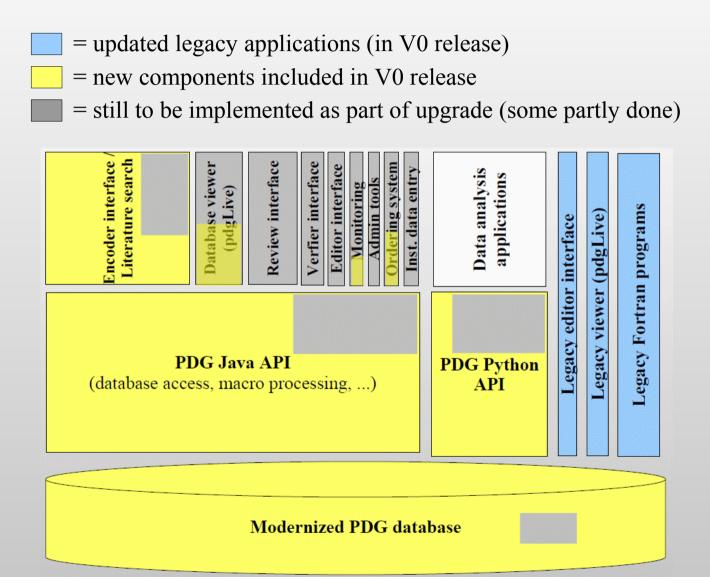
- So far through Orin, Piotr and myself (plus occasionally Cheng-Ju Lin and Weiming Yao)
- As user testing ramps up, will increasingly involve other members of LBNL PDG group plus selected members from PDG collaboration



V0 Release vs Full System



Rescaled diagram to reflect approximate development effort





Current Status of Key Tasks



- Initial design and planning
- System architecture
- Database abstraction layer
- Encoder interface and literature search interface mostly
- Database viewer (main building blocks available)
- Data analysis environment partly
- Review interface
- Other system tasks
 - Refactor existing auxiliary programs
 - Status monitoring
 - System monitoring partly
 - Verifier interface
 - Editor interface
 - Ordering system partly
 - Institution data entry
- Final acceptance test



Current Status of Key Tasks



- Initial design and planning 🗸
- System architecture <
- Database abstraction layer 🗸
- **Encoder interface and literature search interface**

- - Refact

 - Syster
 - Verifie

 - Orderi

- Databas All difficult parts posing potential risk to Data and the project are implemented
- Review i The encoder interface is by far the most Other sy complex and difficult application to implement
 - Status
 The encoder interface includes the building blocks needed for the other applications (e.g. macro processing, math display, etc)
 - Editor Therefore, building the remaining applications will be relatively fast
 - Institution data entry
- Final acceptance test



Source Code Size (as of Sep 2010)



To give an approximate measure of the size of the source code developed, here are some numbers of lines of source code:

•	Java API	75k
	 Related to database (of which 38k generated) 	44k
	 Related to macro processing 	22k
	 Related to unit tests 	9k
•	Encoder interface	16k
	– Java	8k
	- CSS	2k
	 HTML, JSP, JavaScript 	6k
•	Python API	1k
•	Migration scripts (SQL, some Python)	3k
•	Legacy Fortran programs (incl. 45K comment lines)	110k